STAT 305 D Homework 5

Due February 28, 2012 at 12:40 PM in class

Note: Wolfram Alpha (www.wolframalpha.com) is really useful for calculating things like binomial coefficients. It's an online calculator with flexible syntax. Here's an example of how I can calculate $\binom{10}{4}(0.3)^4(0.7)^6$, which is the pmf of a Binomial(10, 0.3) random variable:

00	(10 choose 4) * (0.3)^4 * (0.7)^6 - Wolfram Alpha
www.wolframalpha.com/input/?i=(10+choose+4	4)+*+(0.3)^4+*+(0.7)^6 🖓 ⊽ C (
A WOLFRAM WEB RESOURCE	HOME EXAMPLES PRODUCTS BLOG ABOUT
C (10 chose 4) * (0.3)^4 * (0.7)^6 Favorites Favorites Favorites Favorites History Preferences Downloads Uploads Account Related Queries binomial(10, 4) 0.3 0123455785 continued fraction round to the neares	Experience the next big step in computational knowledge: Wolfram Alpha Pro>>
	(10 choose 4) * (0.3)^4 * (0.7)^6
Favorites History Preferences Downloads Uploads Account Related Queries = binomial(10, 4) 0.3 = .0123456769 = continued fraction = round to the neares	Input: $\binom{10}{4} 0.3^{4} 0.7^{6}$ ($\binom{n}{m}$) is the binomial coefficient » Result: 0.2001209499 Repeating decimal: 0.2001209490 Number line:
	$ \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} 0.3^4 \ 0.7^6 = \frac{10! \left(0.3^4 \ 0.7^6 \right)}{4! \times 6!} $

- 1. Suppose that an eddy current nondestructive evaluation technique for identifying cracks in critical metal parts has a probability of around p = 0.20 of detecting a single crack of length 0.003 inches in a certain material. Suppose further that n = 8 specimens of this material, each containing one (and only one) single crack of length 0.003 inches, are inspected using this technique. Let W be the number of specimens out of the total 8 for which the crack was actually detected. Using the appropriate pmf for W, calculate:
 - a. P(W = 3)
 - b. $P(W \le 2)$

- c. E(W)
- d. Var (W)
- e. The standard deviation, SD(W).
- 2. Take the situation described in the previous exercise. Suppose that some indefinite number of specimens is inspected, one specimen after the other, each containing a single crack of length 0.003 inches or no crack at all. Let Y be the number of specimens inspected in order to obtain the first crack detection. (In other words, Y is the "time index" of the first detection.) Use the appropriate pmf for Y, calculate:
 - a. P(Y = 5)
 - b. $P(Y \leq 4)$
 - c. E(Y)
 - d. $\operatorname{Var}(Y)$
 - e. The standard deviation, SD(Y)
- 3. A process for making plate glass produces an average of four seeds (small bubbles) per 100 square feet. Use Poisson distributions and assess probabilities that:
 - (a) a particular piece of glass 5 ft \times 10 ft will contain more than two seeds
 - (b) a particular piece of glass 5 ft \times 5 ft will contain no seeds
- 4. (a) Transmission line interruptions in a telecommunications network occur at an average rate of one per day. Use a Poisson distribution as a model for:

X = the number of interruptions in the next five-day work week

Calculate P(X = 0).

(b) Now, consider the random variable:

Y = the number of weeks in the next n = 4 weeks in which there are no interruptions.

What is a reasonable probability distribution for Y? Calculate P(Y = 2).

The random number generator supplied on a calculator is not terribly well chosen, in that values it generates are not adequately described by a distribution uniform on the interval (0, 1). Suppose instead that a probability density

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k(5-x) & \text{for } 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

is a more appropriate model for X = the next value produced by this random number generator.

- (a) Find the value of k.
- (b) Sketch the probability density involved here.
- (c) Evaluate P[.25 < X < .75].
- (d) Compute and graph the cumulative probability function for X, F(x).
- 6. X be the time between two successive arrivals at the drive-up window of a local bank. Suppose $X \sim \text{Exp}(1)$. Calculate:
 - a. $P(X \le 4)$
 - b. $P(2 \le X \le 5)$
- 7. Weekly feedback. You get full credit as long as you write something.
 - a. Is there any aspect of the subject matter that you currently struggle with? If so, what specifically do you find difficult or confusing? The more detailed you are, the better I can help you.
 - b. Do you have any questions or concerns about the material, class logistics, or anything else? If so, fire away.

5.